

Operations for Citizens Broadband Radio Service (CBRS): Priority Access License (PAL) Database Technical Specification

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Operations for Citizens Broadband Radio Service (CBRS):

Priority Access License (PAL) Database Technical Specification

1 Introduction

This document specifies the Priority Access License (PAL) Database schema as per requirement (R2-SPU-03) [N.1]. The PAL Database is populated and maintained through cooperation between SAS Administrators. The Database represents the results of PAL auctions for the purposes of vetting a PAL Protection Area (PPA) claim, creating a PPA-ID, and approving CBSD spectrum grant requests under those licenses. In addition, the PAL Database records the results of agreements for PAL channel assignments, and when possible, the evolution of those agreements within each census tract when incumbent activity affects specific frequency allocations.

2 References

2.1 Normative references

- [N.1]. "Requirements for Commercial Operation in the U.S. 3550-3700 MHz Citizens Broadband Radio Service Band", Wireless Innovation Forum Technical Specification WINNF-TS-0112, v1.1.0.
- [N.2]. "The application/json Media Type for JavaScript Object Notation (JSON)" RFC 4627.
- [N.3]. "Signaling Protocols and Procedures for Citizens Broadband Radio Service (CBRS); Spectrum Access System (SAS) SAS Interface Technical Specification", Wireless Innovation Forum Technical Specification WINNF-TS-0096, v1.0.0.
- [N.4]. "Signaling Protocol and Procedures for Citizens Broadband Radio Service (CBRS); Spectrum Access System (SAS) to Citizens Broadband Radio Service Device (CBSD) Interface Technical Specification", Wireless Innovation Forum Technical Specification WINNF-TS-0016, v1.0.0.
- [N.5]. Electronic Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Chapter I, Subchapter D, Part 96, http://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/retrieveECFR?gp=&SID=0076fe7586178336d9db4c5146da8797&mc=true&n=pt47.5-96&r=PART&ty=HTML.
- [N.6]. RFC-3339, "Date and Time on the Internet: Timestamps", Klyne, Newman, July 2002.





3 Definitions and Abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

See [N.1] for definitions of terms used in this document.

3.2 Acronyms

Abbreviation	Description
CBSD	Citizens Broadband Radio Service Device
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FRN	FCC Registration Number
HTTPS	Secure HTTP (e.g. with TLS)
JSON	Javascript Object Notation
PAL	Priority Access License
PPA	PAL Protection Area
SAS	Spectrum Access System

4 PAL Database Creation and Use

SAS Administrators shall engage in a reconcilation of the outcomes of FCC auctions and other actions resulting in PALs being issued to licensees within the CBRS band. This process shall consolidate information about the auctions from the FCC, and subsequently construct or update the PAL Database following any relevant activity (including any needed error resolution) around the state of a PAL, such as issuance, termination, or sale.

4.1 PAL Auction Results

This specification presumes that official results of PAL issuance by the FCC will include information about the licensee (referenced by name and FRN), the geographical area (a census tract) of the PAL, and a reference to a FCC frequency channel identity (identification numbers, i.e. use letters 'A' through 'G' or other designations as used by FCC) that represents the rights to use an unspecified channel of 10 MHz of spectrum. A maximum of seven PAL channels may be issued for any particular geographical area. It is possible for a census tract to have no licenses issued due to lack of bidders.

4.2 PAL Channel Assignment

All SASs shall utilize identical quasi-stable channel assignments for CBSDs exercising their PAL rights. The process of making such channel assignments is still under study and shall have a first priority of mapping each granted PAL in a census tract to a 10 MHz channel of spectrum in order that channel assignments to Priority Access Licensees are protected from interference caused by other PALs and from General Authorized Access Users consistent with





section 96.25, 96.63, and [N.1]. PAL channels are assigned such that impairments from FSS incumbent protection are minimized.

4.3 Use of the PAL Database

SAS Administrators shall ensure their own SASs are synchronized with the PAL Database on a daily basis. SAS Administrators shall make use of the PAL Database to perform verification of PAL holder rights to the relevant license areas during the separate process for registering PAL Protection Areas (PPAs) [See N.1, R2-SPU-04], and to make consistent channel assignments to CBSDs in the cluster list of that PPA [See N.1, R2-SPU-09].

4.4 Leasing information in the PAL Database

Reflection in the PAL Database of any leasing arrangements made by Priority Access Licensees is for future study, subject to the requirements in [N.1].

5 Record Encoding for the PAL Database

The records in the PAL Database shall be encoded using JSON (JavaScript Object Notation), a widely accepted network data representation and exchange protocol. JSON encoded data is in the form of human readable single or multiple of "name"/"value" pair(s), where the "name" is typically a self-descriptive unique string tag identifying the information to be represented and the "value" is the information to be carried [N.2]. JSON allows a "value" be one of the four primitive types (respectively, string, number, boolean and null) and two structured types (JSON object and array). Brief definitions of all above primitive and structured data types are as follows:

- String: a readable string begins and ends with double quotation marks. All Unicode characters can be placed within the quotation marks. Double quotation mark, backslash and control characters must be proceeded by an escape character (\ i.e. backslash).
- Number: a signed integer or a floating number. A floating number can be represented using regular decimal format or scientific exponential format.
- Boolean: a Boolean value this indicates either true or false.
- Null: a null value representation of the value of a string or an object or an array type when the required value is not available.
- Object: A self-contained JSON object enclosed in a pair of curly brackets.
- Array: a value array of any one of the String, number, boolean, object and array types, enclosed by square brackets.

An example of a JSON representation of a PAL Database record is as follows:





```
"palId" : "pal/10-2017/123456789/A",
"licensee" : "CBSD Operator No.1",
"userId" : "cbsdOp1",
"registrationInformation" : {
 "frn": "123456-789",
 "registrationDate": "2017-06-01",
},
"license": {
 "licenseId": "fccId123456789-1",
 "licenseDate": "2017-07-01T00:00:00Z",
 "licenseExpiration": "2020-07-01T00:00:00Z",
 "licenseAreaIdentifier": "Census Tract 123456789, Long Name",
 "licenseAreaExtent": "zone/census tract/census/2010/123456789",
 "licenseFrequencyChannelId": "1"
"licenseStatus": "VALID",
"channelAssignment": {
  "primaryAssignment": {
   "lowFrequency": 3550000000,
   "highFrequency": 356000000
  },
  "secondaryAssignment": {
   "lowFrequency": 358000000,
   "highFrequency": 359000000
  }
}
```

5.1 PAL Database Records

For convenient sharing of the PAL Database among SAS Administrators, it will be represented as a set of files each containing a JSON list of records following the schema of PAL Database Info Records (see 6.1):

Table 1: PAL Database file contents

Data Type	Field Definition
List of object:	A PAL Database file contains a list of PAL
PalInfoRecord	Database Info Records.

6 PAL Database Schema Definition

This section contains detailed field-by-field specifications for PAL Database info records.





6.1 PAL Database Info Record

Table 2: PalInfoRecord object

Field	Data Type	Field Definition
palId	string	• Format: pal/\$MO-
		\$YEAR/\$FIPS/\$CHANNEL
		The PAL-ID of this PAL database record.
		The \$MO-\$YEAR is the month and year of the
		auction or FCC action establishing the PAL.
		The \$FIPS is the geographic code identifying
		the area (census tract) of the PAL.
		TI OCHANNEL A FOC C
		The \$CHANNEL is the FCC frequency
		channel identity of the PAL.
licensee	string	Human-readable name of the PAL licensee
userId	string	A string representing the User Identifier (UR-
		ID) of the PAL licensee. This string is used by
		CBSDs requesting PAL spectrum grants from
		SAS to identify which PAL licensee they are
		operated by.
registrationInformat	object:	Contains various extensible registration
ion	RegistrationInformati	information for the PAL licensee
	on	
license	object:	Information regarding the license described in
	LicenseInformation	this PAL database record
licenseStatus	string	One of the values "VALID", "RESCINDED",
		"EXPIRED"
channelAssignment	object:	The consistent channel assignment information
	ChannelAssignment	for this PAL.

6.1.1 RegistrationInformation object

Table 3: RegistrationInformation object

Field	Data Type	Field Definition
frn	string	The FRN of the licensee
registrationDate	string	Date of licensee FCC registration. It is expressed using the format, YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssZ, as defined by [N.6].





licenseConditions	string	Human-readable string or reference
		annotating the certification
callSign	string	The call sign of the licensee (as
		assigned by FCC).

This object is extensible and other fields can be added to reflect more needed information about the PAL licensee as reflected in the FCC auction records and needed for SAS verification of PAL licensee identity.

6.1.2 LicenseInformation object

Table 4: LicenseInformation object

Field	Data Type	Field Definition
licenseId	string	The FCC-issued license ID.
licenseDate	string	Date of the start of the license period. It is expressed in UTC using the format, YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssZ, as defined by [N.6].
licenseExpiration	string	Date of license expiration. It is expressed in UTC using the format, YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssZ, as defined by [N.6].
licenseAreaIdentifier	string	Human-readable string or reference denoting the license area (e.g. FIPS census tract code)
licenseAreaExtent	string	Reference to a record in a geographical database represented as a SAS-SAS Zone record (See [N.3]) providing the extents of the license area. (e.g. "zone/census tract/census/\$YEAR/\$FIPS")
licenseFrequencyChannelId	string	The FCC-supplied identifier for the frequency channel for the PAL.

6.1.3 ChannelAssignment object:

Table 5: ChannelAssignment object

Field	Data Type	Field Definition
primaryAssignment	object: FrequencyRange (See N.4)	The primary channel allocation for this PAL.
secondaryAssignment	object: FrequencyRange (See N.4)	The secondary channel allocation for this PAL, if possible to designate. If a PAL is blocked by transient incumbent activity, the PAL CBSDs using those spectrum grants will be relocated by the SAS into this secondary assignment if possible.





7 Document History

Document history		
V1.0.0	3 April 2017	Approved
V1.0.0	26 July 2017	Document number updated to reflect change in release policy